



Nature-Based Solutions (NBS) Review

Lecture (online)

Trinity College Dublin

Content created in 2025





NBS EduWORLD is funded by the European Union (Grant Agreement No. 101060525). Views and opinions expressed are however those of the author(s) only and do not necessarily reflect those of the European Union or the European Commission. Neither the European Union nor the granting authority can be held responsible for them.



NBS are "Solutions that are <u>inspired</u> and <u>supported</u> by nature, which are cost-effective, simultaneously provide <u>environmental</u>, <u>social and economic benefits</u> and help build resilience."

Such solutions bring more, and more diverse, nature and natural features and processes into cities, landscapes and seascapes, through locally adapted, resource-efficient and systemic interventions.

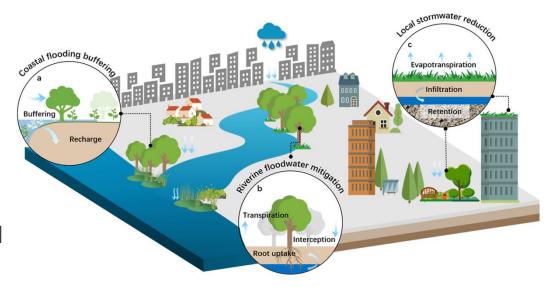
NBS Definition – EU

Reference: <u>European Commission</u>



NBS as Tools for Climate Action

- The Role of NBS in Climate Action
- NBS help sequester carbon through forestation and wetland restoration.
- Urban green spaces reduce urban heat islands and improve air quality.
- NBS like green roofs and green corridors provide flood management and climate adaptation.



(Zhou et al., 2024)





NBS and the SDGs



- How NBS Contribute to Global Goals
- NBS align with SDG 11 (Sustainable Cities) and SDG 13
 (Climate Action), focusing on urban resilience and climate change mitigation.
- They support SDG 6 (Clean Water and Sanitation) by improving water management and reducing stormwater runoff.
- NBS contribute to **SDG 15** (Life on Land) by enhancing **biodiversity** and promoting **ecosystem restoration**.



Nature's Benefit



- The Value of Ecosystem Services in NBS
- NBS deliver ecosystem services such as carbon sequestration, water filtration, and flood regulation.
- by restoring ecosystem functions.
- NBS enhance biodiversity, leading to healthier ecosystems that can better adapt to climate stress.



Conservation Strategies



- NBS for Protecting and Restoring Biodiversity
- NBS contribute to biodiversity conservation by restoring wetlands, forests, and coastal ecosystems.
- Strategies like rewilding and creating wildlife corridors
 help restore native species and habitats.
- By promoting **ecosystem services**, NBS maintain ecological balance and support the natural habitat restoration process.



Enhancing Cities

& @@ & @@

- The Role of Green Spaces in Urban Areas
- Green infrastructure like urban parks, green roofs, and vegetated swales provide urban cooling and reduce the heat island effect.
- Green spaces increase **public health**, offering places for recreation and improving **mental well-being**.
- Urban greening initiatives reduce flooding risks by improving stormwater management and increasing water retention.







Healing Landscapes

- Restoration Approaches through NBS
- Restoration ecology focuses on repairing ecosystems that have been degraded or damaged, often using NBS like wetland restoration and agroforestry.
- Reforestation helps restore biodiversity, sequester carbon, and enhance soil fertility.
- NBS projects like forest restoration and river
 rehabilitation provide long-term ecological benefits for both communities and the environment.





In-Class Exercise 1:

TAKE Objective: Design a futuristic nature-based solution incorporating emerging technological design and the second solution incorporation design and the second solution incorporation design and the second solution design a

Instructions:

- Choose an urban challenge (e.g., flooding, urban heat islands).
- Propose an innovative NBS solution that uses new technologies like Al, IoT sensors, or smart infrastructure.
- Identify community engagement strategies and the expected impacts.



Upscaling NbS – How can it be done?

"Instead of piloting and implementing site specific projects, this approach involves thinking about how you might work within the system to operate at a higher and more leveraged scale. For example, instead of doing wetland restoration yourself, you might work to implement a national policy that will incentivise key landowners to restore wetlands in watersheds that they manage. Or you could develop a market-based strategy and partner with major seafood companies to implement sustainable seafood production.

Activities needed to go to scale under this approach include developing higher level strategies as well as raising the necessary resources and building the program team needed to implement these strategies." (Salafsky et al., 2021)





Image credits: Sundry Photography/Shutterstock.com, StaticFlickr, CSF Cornell, Adam Gibbon



- Evaluating and Measuring NBS Impact
- Tools like GIS, remote sensing, and data analytics help assess the effectiveness of NBS in urban environments.
- Real-time monitoring tools, such as IoT sensors, provide insights into the performance of green infrastructure.
- The Ecosystem Services Toolkit and NBS Impact Assessment frameworks help cities quantify the social, environmental, and economic benefits of NBS.





1. Tools for Scaling NBS

DEMONSTRATE IMPACT



European Union Funds & Grants

- Horizon Europe (2021-2027) Supports NBS research & innovation
- LIFE Programme Funds environmental and climate action projects
- European Green Deal Directs funding towards sustainable infrastructure
- EU Mission on Climate Adaptation Invests in resilient cities & landscapes
- Just Transition Fund (JTF) Supports green investments in transitioning regions

Public Finance & Policy-Driven Funds

- National Government Grants Climate adaptation & environmental funding
- Municipal Green Bonds Cities issuing bonds for NBS projects
- Development Banks (EIB, World Bank, ADB) Large-scale NBS financing

Private Sector & Market-Based Mechanisms

- Impact Investment & ESG Funds Sustainable finance supporting green projects
- Public-Private Partnerships (PPPs) Collaborative funding models
- Carbon Credits & Biodiversity Offsets Monetizing ecosystem services

Innovative & Circular Econom Financing

- Payments for Ecosystem Services (PES) Rewarding conservation efforts
- Crowdfunding & Green Philanthropy Community-driven NBS funding
- Nature-Based Enterprises Business models integrating sustainable land use



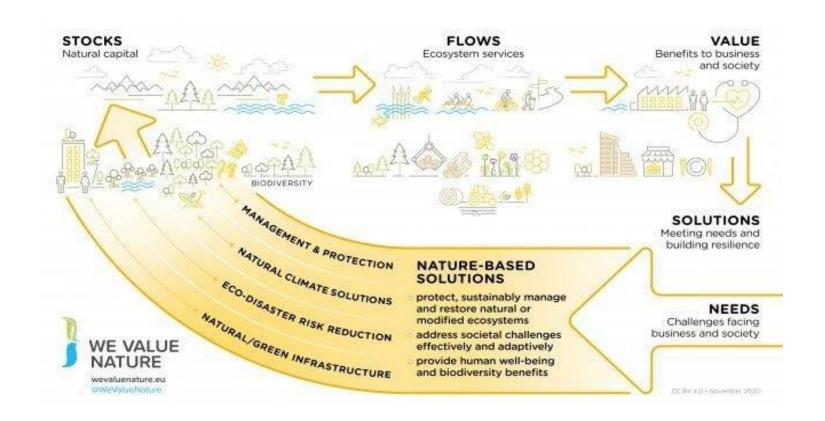


2. Tools for Scaling NBS

FUNDING

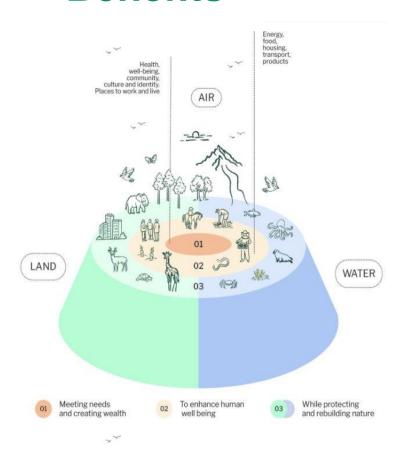


Nature-based Solutions and Natural Capital









Economic Transformation

- Everyone and everything in society depends on nature: all humans and all businesses need a healthy planet to survive and prosper.
- 55% of global GDP is moderately or highly dependent on nature (<u>PwC 2023</u>). Construction, agriculture, and food and beverages are the largest highly nature-dependent industries. China, the EU and the US have the highest absolute economic value in nature-dependent industries (<u>WEF 2020</u>)
- Transforming our businesses and economic systems towards a Nature-Positive Economy that works with, and for, nature will help to reverse these negative trends. A whole-of-society approach is needed.



- Incorporating Communities in NBS Design
- Community involvement is critical for the success of NBS, especially in co-designing solutions that meet local needs.
- Engaging citizens in planning and maintaining urban green spaces ensures long-term success and stewardship.
- Successful community engagement boosts social cohesion, fosters
 ownership, and empowers local populations to contribute to
 sustainability efforts.





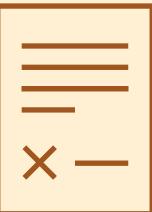
3. Tools for Scaling NBS

COMMUNITY COLLABORATION



- EU Policies Driving NBS Adoption
- The EU Green Deal promotes the integration of green infrastructure and nature-based solutions into urban planning for climate resilience.
- Biodiversity Strategy for 2030 encourages the use of NBS for ecosystem restoration and the preservation of natural habitats.
- Local and national governments are encouraged to adopt policies that support climate adaptation and the scaling of NBS in urban spaces.





4. Tools for Scaling NBS

POLICY



NBS EduWorld Key challenges within NBS governance

1. Vertical and horizontal dispersion

- Eco-system services beneficiaries and providers are dispersed vertically and at multiple governance levels and across sectors
- There are certain institutional cultural characteristics and logistics that can act as barriers to smooth collaboration and communication
- The governance framework must accommodate participatory, adaptive, and transparent processes to address power imbalances and ensure legitimacy.

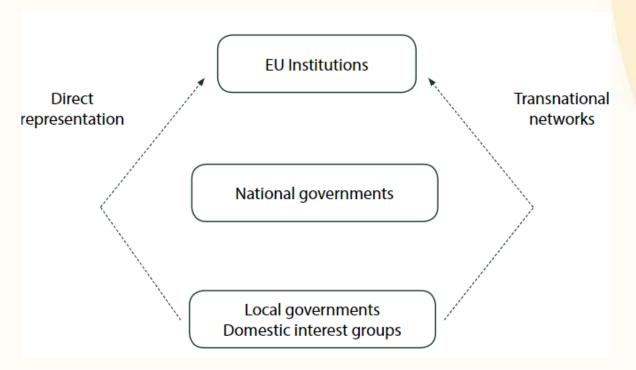
2. Diverse actors and values

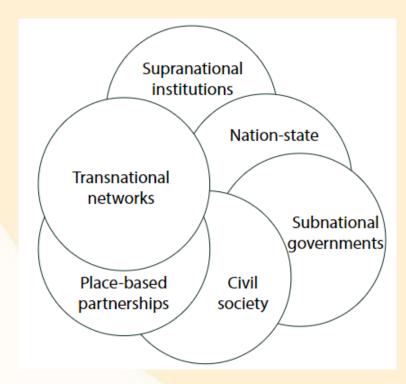
- Governance efforts often face challenges in aligning policy instruments across different scales and sectors. Policies that work well for one group (e.g., local communities) may conflict with those designed for others (e.g., national economic goals).
- Need to balance the interests of stakeholders with differing values, from local communities to global beneficiaries.
- Differing cultural and ideological perceptions of nature (e.g., intrinsic versus utilitarian values) add complexity to governance negotiations.





Multi Level Governance: nested versus polycentric





Source: Bulkeley, Harriet, Davies, Anna, Evans, Bob, Gibbs, David, Kern Kristine and Kate Theobald (24 June 2010) Environmental Governance and Transnational Municipal Networks in Europe, Journal of Environmental Policy & Planning, 5:3, 235-254, DOI: 10.1080/1523908032000154179





- How to Measure NBS Effectiveness
- Key metrics include environmental benefits (e.g., carbon sequestration, biodiversity improvement) and social outcomes (e.g., public health and community engagement).
- IoT and data analytics tools help monitor the performance of NBS in real-time, optimizing their impact.
- Measuring cost-benefit analysis and long-term sustainability ensures successful scaling of NBS projects.





5. Tools for Scaling NBS

IMPACT



NBS for Rewilding and Ecological Restoration

- Rewilding is a key strategy for restoring ecosystems by reintroducing native species and rebuilding natural processes.
- NBS like wildlife corridors, wetland restoration, and forest expansion help enhance biodiversity and ecosystem services.
- Rewilding efforts contribute to carbon sequestration, biodiversity preservation, and climate resilience.





Health Benefits of NBS

- NBS improve mental health by providing accessible, natural spaces for recreation, social interaction, and stress reduction.
- Urban green spaces contribute to physical well-being by encouraging outdoor activities like walking, cycling, and sports.
- NBS reduce air pollution and mitigate heat island effects, leading to healthier, more sustainable urban environments.



Urban Transformation Through NBS

- NBS contribute to making cities sustainable and climate-resilient by integrating green infrastructure into city planning.
- Smart cities use data-driven solutions to optimize green spaces, energy use, and water management through technology and NBS.
- NBS integration transforms urban spaces into more livable, inclusive, and environmentally responsible areas.





Conclusion

NBS as a Solution for Sustainable Urban Futures

- The future of NBS lies in their ability to address complex urban challenges while contributing to climate action, health, and economic growth.
- EU research and policy frameworks will continue to shape the role of NBS in urban environments.
- The growth of green industries, entrepreneurship, and innovation will drive the next wave of NBS adoption globally.









NBS EduWORLD is funded by the European Union (Grant Agreement No. 101060525). Views and opinions expressed are however those of the author(s) only and do not necessarily reflect those of the European Union or the European Commission. Neither the European Union nor the granting authority can be held responsible for them.

Thank you!

Credit for this learning unit content: Trinity College Dublin

Learn more:



https://nbseduworld.eu



info@nbseduworld.eu



in NBS EduWORLD



@NBS_EduWORLD



NBS EDUWORLD

